

Project Development: Residential Building



THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS OF MATERIALS

Municipality	ROME
Address	
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Annexes:

1. Thermal, hygrometric and surface mass characteristics of the opaque vertical structures of the building's shell.
2. Thermal, hygrometric and surface mass characteristics of the opaque horizontal structures of the building's shell.
3. Thermal transmission of the partition elements between the residential units.
4. Thermal characteristics of the window components of the building.
5. Calculation of the surface temperature and of the interstitial condensation of the building structure according to the norm UNI EN ISO 13788.

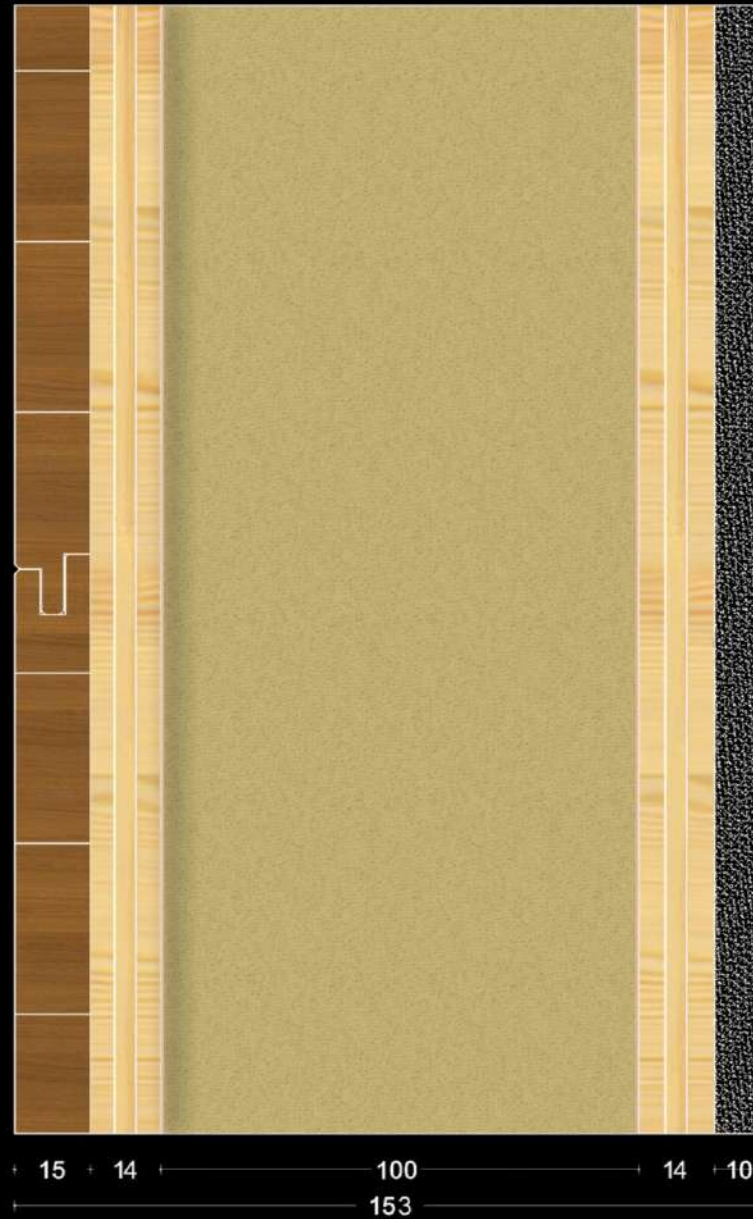
1) Thermal, hygrometric and surface mass characteristics of the opaque vertical structures of the building's shell.

DEFINITION	SYMBOL	UNIT
Volumetric mass of the layer. Density.	D	[Kg/m ³]
Thickness	s	[cm]
Indicative conductivity reference	λ	[W/(m·K)]
Conductivity calculation	λ_m	[W/(m·K)]
Increase percentile	m	[%]
Internal unit thermal resistance (opposite to the conductance)	r	[(m ² ·K)/W]
Temperature difference between the surfaces that delimit the layer	dT	[°C]
Surface temperature on the bottom of the layer	Tf	[°C]
Saturation pressure of the water vapour	Ps	[kPa]
Resistance of the vapour passage	μ	-
Resistance of the flux of vapour of the layer	Rv	[m ² sPa/kg]
Pressure difference between the surfaces that delimit the layer	dP	[kPa]
Partial pressure of the water vapour	Pv	[kPa]
Superficial mass of the layer	Ds	[Kg/m ²]
Mass and thermal capacity of the layer's material	CT	[kJ/(kg·K)]
Superficial thermal capacity of the layer times the unit variation of the room temperature	CTs	[kJ/m ²]

STRATIGRAPHY – EXTERNAL PANEL																
Description of materials	D	s	λ	m	λ_m	r	dT (*)	Tf	Ps	μ	Rv	dP	DS	Pv	CT	CTS
Room air								20	2							
Internal surface layer						0,130	0,3	19,7	2							
Fermacell	1150	1			0,32	0,031	0,1	19,3	2,23	13	0,7	0	11,50	1,51	1,1	12,29
Agrop Swp 14 mm	490	1,4			0,13	0,108	0,3	19	2,18	60	4,5	0,03	6,86	1,47	1,6	10,55
Stiferite GT 100	36	10			0,023	4,348	10,9	8,2	1,08	150	80,0	0,55	3,60	0,92	1,45 3	2,74
Agrop Swp 14 mm	490	1,4			0,13	0,108	0,3	7,9	1,06	60	4,5	0,03	6,86	0,89	1,6	5,62
Iroko slats	710	1,5			0,18	0,083	0,2	7,7	1,04	60	4,8	0,03	10,65	0,85	2,4	12,88
External surface layer						0,040	0,1	7,6	1							
TOTAL:		15,3				4,848							39,47			44,08
Theoretic transmittance:						[W/(m ² ·K)]	0,206									
Security increase (0[%]):						[W/(m ² ·K)]	0,206									
Rounded number:																
Adopted transmittance:						[W/(m ² ·K)]	0,206									

(*) The temperature differences in the various layers are obtained with a superficial internal thermal resistance of 0.25 [(m²·K)/W] as foreseen in table 2 in UNI EN ISO 13788.

COMPARISON WITH THE LIMIT VALUES		
Type of opaque structure	:Vertical	
Correct upper thermal transmission U _c	:0,206	[W/(m ² ·K)]
Limit value of the transmission	:0,360	[W/(m ² ·K)]



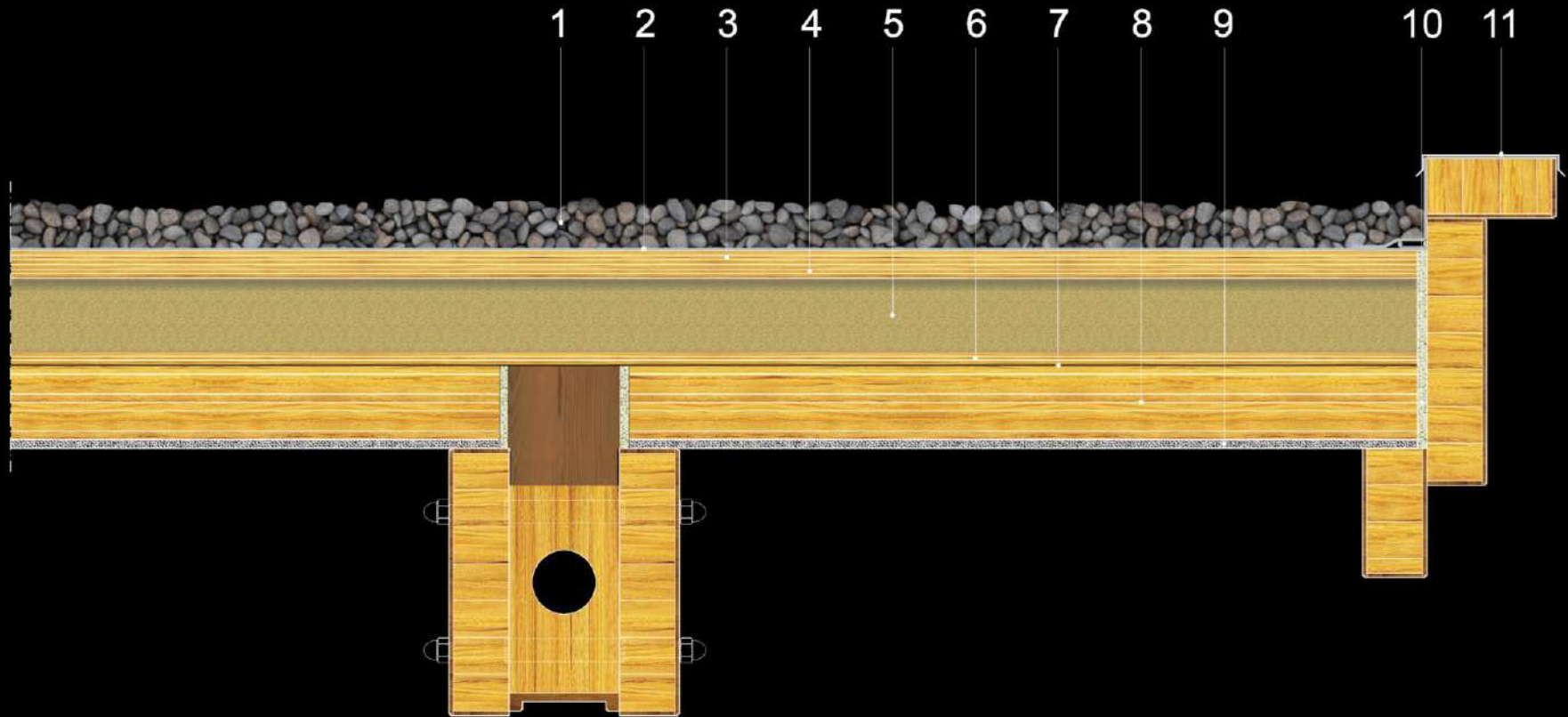
2) Thermal, hygrometric and surface mass characteristics of the opaque horizontal structures of the building's shell.

DEFINITION	SYMBOL	UNIT
Volumetric mass of the layer. Density.	D	[Kg/m ³]
Thickness	s	[cm]
Indicative conductivity reference	λ	[W/(m·K)]
Conductivity calculation	λ_m	[W/(m·K)]
Increase percentile	m	[%]
Internal unit thermal resistance (opposite to the conductance)	r	[(m ² ·K)/W]
Temperature difference between the surfaces that delimit the layer	dT	[°C]
Surface temperature on the bottom of the layer	Tf	[°C]
Saturation pressure of the water vapour	Ps	[kPa]
Resistance of the vapour passage	μ	-
Resistance of the flux of vapour of the layer	Rv	[m ² sPa/kg]
Pressure difference between the surfaces that delimit the layer	dP	[kPa]
Partial pressure of the water vapour	Pv	[kPa]
Superficial mass of the layer	Ds	[kg/m ²]
Mass and thermal capacity of the layer's material	CT	[kJ/(kg·K)]
Superficial thermal capacity of the layer times the unit variation of the room temperature	CTs	[kJ/m ²]

STRATIGRAPHY – COVER PANEL																
Description of materials	D	s	λ	m	λ_m	r	dT (*)	Tf	Ps	μ	Rv	dP	DS	Pv	CT	CTS
Room air								20	2							
Internal surface layer						0,100	0,2	19,8	2							
Fermacell	1150	1			0,32	0,031	0,1	19,4	2,24	13	0,7	0	11,50	1,51	1,1	12,35
X-Lam 8	480	8			0,13	0,615	1,3	18,1	2,06	60	25,6	0	38,40	1,51	1,6	56,76
Polyvap SA	1300	0,2			12500		0	18,1	2,06	6900 00	7,35 9,2	0,64	2,60	0,87	1,7	4,08
Agrop Swp 14 mm	490	1,4			0,13	0,108	0,2	17,9	2,04	60	4,5	0	6,86	0,87	1,6	10,04
Stiferite GT 100	36	10			0,023	4,348	9,2	8,7	1,12	150	80,0	0,01	3,60	0,86	1,45 3	2,85
Agrop Swp 14 mm	490	1,4			0,13	0,108	0,2	8,5	1,1	60	4,5	0	6,86	0,86	1,6	5,88
Agrop Swp 14 mm	490	1,4			0,13	0,108	0,2	8,3	1,09	60	4,5	0	6,86	0,86	1,6	5,78
Sarnafil G 410-15 EL Sika	1380	0,1			0,16	0,025	0,1	8,2	1,08	1500 0	80,0	0,01	1,38	0,86	0,9	0,65
Gravel	1700	5			0,2	0,250	0,5	7,7	1,04	5	1,3	0	85,00	0,85	0,84	35,94
External surface layer						0,040	0,1	7,6	1							
TOTALI:		28,5				5,733							163,06			134,34
Theoretic transmittance:						[W/(m ² ·K)]	0,174									
Security increase (0[%]):						[W/(m ² ·K)]	0,174									
Rounded number:																
Adopted transmittance:						[W/(m ² ·K)]	0,174									

(*) The temperature differences in the various layers are obtained with a superficial internal thermal resistance of 0.25 [(m²·K)/W] as foreseen in table 2 in UNI EN ISO 13788.

COMPARISON WITH THE LIMIT VALUES		
Type of opaque structure	:Horizontal/inclination	
Correct upper thermal transmission Uc	:0,174	[W/(m ² ·K)]
Limit value of the transmittance	:0,320	[W/(m ² ·K)]



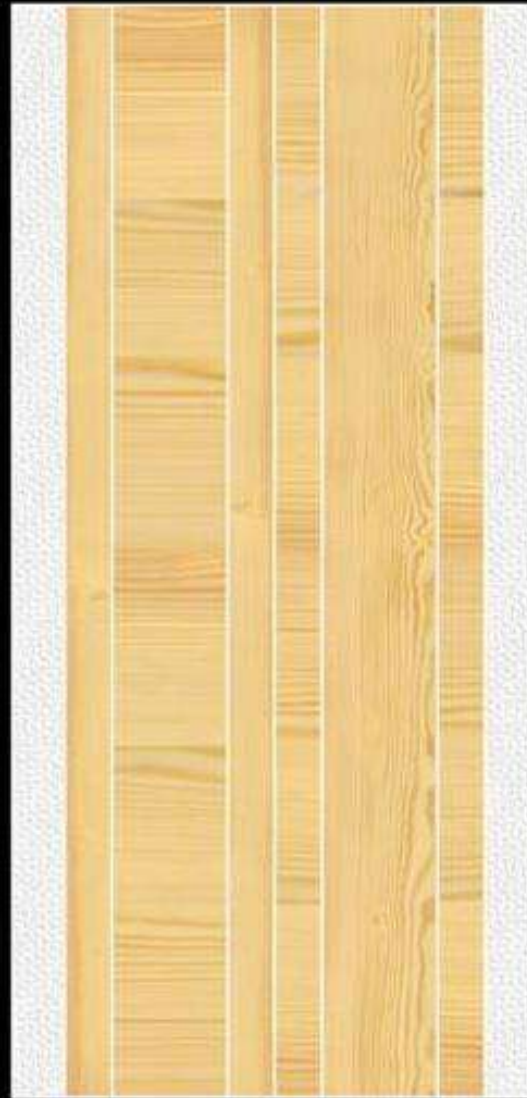
3) Thermal transmission of the partition elements between the residential units.

DEFINITION	SYMBOL	UNIT
Volumetric mass of the layer. Density.	D	[kg/m ³]
Thickness	s	[cm]
Indicative conductivity reference	λ	[W/(m·K)]
Conductivity calculation	λ_m	[W/(m·K)]
Increase percentile	m	[%]
Internal unit thermal resistance (opposite to the conductance)	r	[(m ² ·K)/W]
Temperature difference between the surfaces that delimit the layer	dT	[°C]
Surface temperature on the bottom of the layer	Tf	[°C]
Saturation pressure of the water vapour	Ps	[kPa]
Resistance of the vapour passage	μ	-
Resistance of the flux of vapour of the layer	Rv	[m ² sPa/kg]
Pressure difference between the surfaces that delimit the layer	dP	[kPa]
Partial pressure of the water vapour	Pv	[kPa]
Superficial mass of the layer	Ds	[kg/m ²]
Mass and thermal capacity of the layer's material	CT	[kJ/(kg·K)]
Superficial thermal capacity of the layer times the unit variation of the room temperature	CTs	[kJ/m ²]

STRATIGRAPHY – INTERNAL WALL																
Description of materials	D	s	λ	m	λ_m	r	dT (*)	Tf	Ps	μ	Rv	dP	DS	Pv	CT	CTS
Room air								20	2							
Internal surface layer						0,130	1,5	18,5	2							
Fermacell	1150	1			0,32	0,031	0,3	16,9	1,91	13	0,7	0,01	11,50	1,50	1,1	11,06
X-Lam 100	480	10			0,13	0,769	8,5	8,4	1,1	60	32,0	0,63	48,00	0,87	1,6	40,84
Fermacell	1150	1			0,32	0,031	0,3	8	1,04	13	0,7	0,01	11,50	0,85	1,1	6,55
Internal surface layer						0,130	1,5	7,6	1							
TOTALI:		12				1,091							71			58,45
Theoretic transmittance:						[W/(m ² ·K)]	0,916									
Security increase (0[%]):						[W/(m ² ·K)]	0,916									
Rounded number:																
Adopted transmittance:						[W/(m ² ·K)]	0,916									

(*) The temperature differences in the various layers are obtained with a superficial internal thermal resistance of 0.25 [(m²·K)/W] as foreseen in table 2 in UNI EN ISO 13788.

COMPARISON WITH THE LIMIT VALUES		
Type of opaque structure	:Vertical	
Correct upper thermal transmission U _c	:0,916	[W/(m ² ·K)]
Limit value of the transmittance	:0,800	[W/(m ² ·K)]

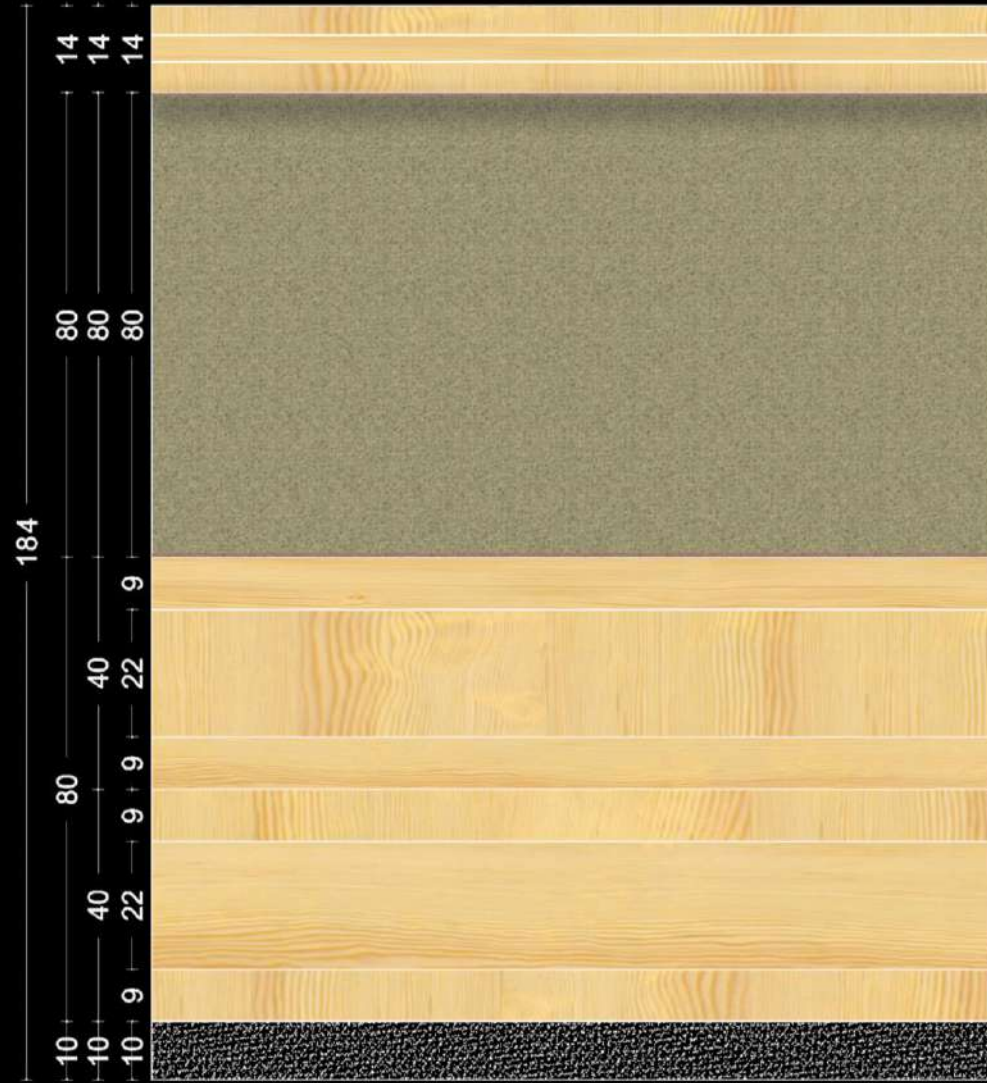


10 9 32 9 9 32 9 10
10 50 50 10
10 100 10

STRATIGRAPHY – ATTIC PANEL																
Description of materials	D	s	λ	m	λ_m	r	dT (*)	Tf	Ps	μ	Rv	dP	DS	Pv	CT	CTS
Room air								20	2							
Internal surface layer						0,170	0,5	19,5	2							
Parquet	850	2			0,22	0,091	0,2	19,1	2,2	43	4,6	0,03	17,00	1,48	2,4	39,30
Agrop Swp 14 mm	490	1,4			0,13	0,108	0,3	18,8	2,16	60	4,5	0,03	6,86	1,45	1,6	10,44
Stiferite GT 80	36	8			0,023	3,484	9,4	9,4	1,17	150	64,0	0,42	2,88	1,03	1,45	2,40
X-Lam 8	480	8			0,13	0,615	1,7	7,8	1,05	60	25,6	0,17	38,40	0,86	1,6	31,19
Fermacell	1150	1			0,32	0,031	0,1	7,7	1,04	13	0,7	0	11,50	0,85	1,1	6,38
External surface layer						0,040	0,1	7,6	1							
TOTALI:		20,4				4,539							76,64			89,72
Theoretic transmittance:						[W/(m ² ·K)]	0,220									
Security increase (0[%]):						[W/(m ² ·K)]	0,220									
Rounded number:																
Adopted transmittance:						[W/(m ² ·K)]	0,220									

(*) The temperature differences in the various layers are obtained with a superficial internal thermal resistance of 0.25 [(m²·K)/W] as foreseen in table 2 in UNI EN ISO 13788.

COMPARISON OF LIMIT VALUE		
Type of opaque structure	:Horizontal/inclination	
Correct upper thermal transmission U _c	:0,220	[W/(m ² ·K)]
Limit value of the transmittance	:0,360	[W/(m ² ·K)]



4) Thermal characteristics of the window components of the building.

Key:	
DEFINITION	SYMBOL
Glass surface	A_g
Surface of the frame	A_f
Length of the glass surface	L_g
Thermal transmittance of the glass	U_g
Thermal transmittance of the frame	U_f
Linear thermal transmittance (nil in the case of single pane)	U_l
Thermal transmittance of total window fixture	U_w
Inverse of the conductance surface units	(*)
Inverse of the total thermal resistance	(**)

W103 - FM							
TRANSMITTANCE				THERMAL RESISTANCE			
Tot. (**) [W/(m ² ·K)]: 1,10				Tot. [(m ² ·K)/W]: 0,91			
TYPE	Ag	Af	Lg	Ug	Uf	Ui	Uw
	[m ²]	[m ²]	[m]	[W/m ² °C]	[W/m ² °C]	[W/m°C]	[W/m ² °C]
SINGLE FIXTURE	1,00	0,67	4,16	0,70	1,50	0,03	1,10

Thermal transmittance of the transparent component	
Transmittance of the transparent closure, inclusive of the casing [W/(m ² ·K)]	1,099
Central transmittance of the glass [W/(m ² ·K)]	0,700

W107 - PS INT							
TRANSMITTANCE				THERMAL RESISTANCE			
Tot. (**) [W/(m ² ·K)]: 1,05				Tot. [(m ² ·K)/W]: 0,96			
TYPE	Ag	Af	Lg	Ug	Uf	Ui	Uw
	[m ²]	[m ²]	[m]	[W/m ² °C]	[W/m ² °C]	[W/m°C]	[W/m ² °C]
SINGLE FIXTURE	1,40	0,61	5,12	0,70	1,50	0,04	1,05

Thermal transmittance of the transparent component	
Transmittance of the transparent closure, inclusive of the casing [W/(m ² ·K)]	1,047
Central transmittance of the glass [W/(m ² ·K)]	0,700

W102 - FK							
TRANSMITTANCE				THERMAL RESISTANCE			
Tot. (**) [W/(m ² ·K)]:				Tot. [(m ² ·K)/W]:			
1,13				0,89			
TYPE	Ag	Af	Lg	Ug	Uf	U _I	U _w
	[m ²]	[m ²]	[m]	[W/m ² °C]	[W/m ² °C]	[W/m°°C]	[W/m ² °C]
SINGLE FIXTURE	0,81	0,64	3,70	0,70	1,50	0,03	1,13

Thermal transmittance of the transparent component	
Transmittance of the transparent closure, inclusive of the casing [W/(m ² ·K)]	1,128
Central transmittance of the glass [W/(m ² ·K)]	0,700

W101 - FB							
TRANSMITTANCE				THERMAL RESISTANCE			
Tot. (**) [W/(m ² ·K)]:				Tot. [(m ² ·K)/W]:			
1,05				0,96			
TYPE	Ag	Af	Lg	Ug	Uf	U _I	U _w
	[m ²]	[m ²]	[m]	[W/m ² °C]	[W/m ² °C]	[W/m°°C]	[W/m ² °C]
SINGLE FIXTURE	1,51	0,81	5,22	0,70	1,50	0,03	1,05

Thermal transmittance of the transparent component	
Transmittance of the transparent closure, inclusive of the casing [W/(m ² ·K)]	1,047
Central transmittance of the glass [W/(m ² ·K)]	0,700

W106 - PS EST							
TRANSMITTANCE				THERMAL RESISTANCE			
Tot. (**) [W/(m ² ·K)]:				Tot. [(m ² ·K)/W]:			
0,99				1,01			
TYPE	Ag	Af	Lg	Ug	Uf	Uf	Uw
	[m ²]	[m ²]	[m]	[W/m ² °C]	[W/m ² °C]	[W/m ² °C]	[W/m ² °C]
SINGLE FIXTURE	6,06	2,11	14,12	0,70	1,50	0,05	0,99

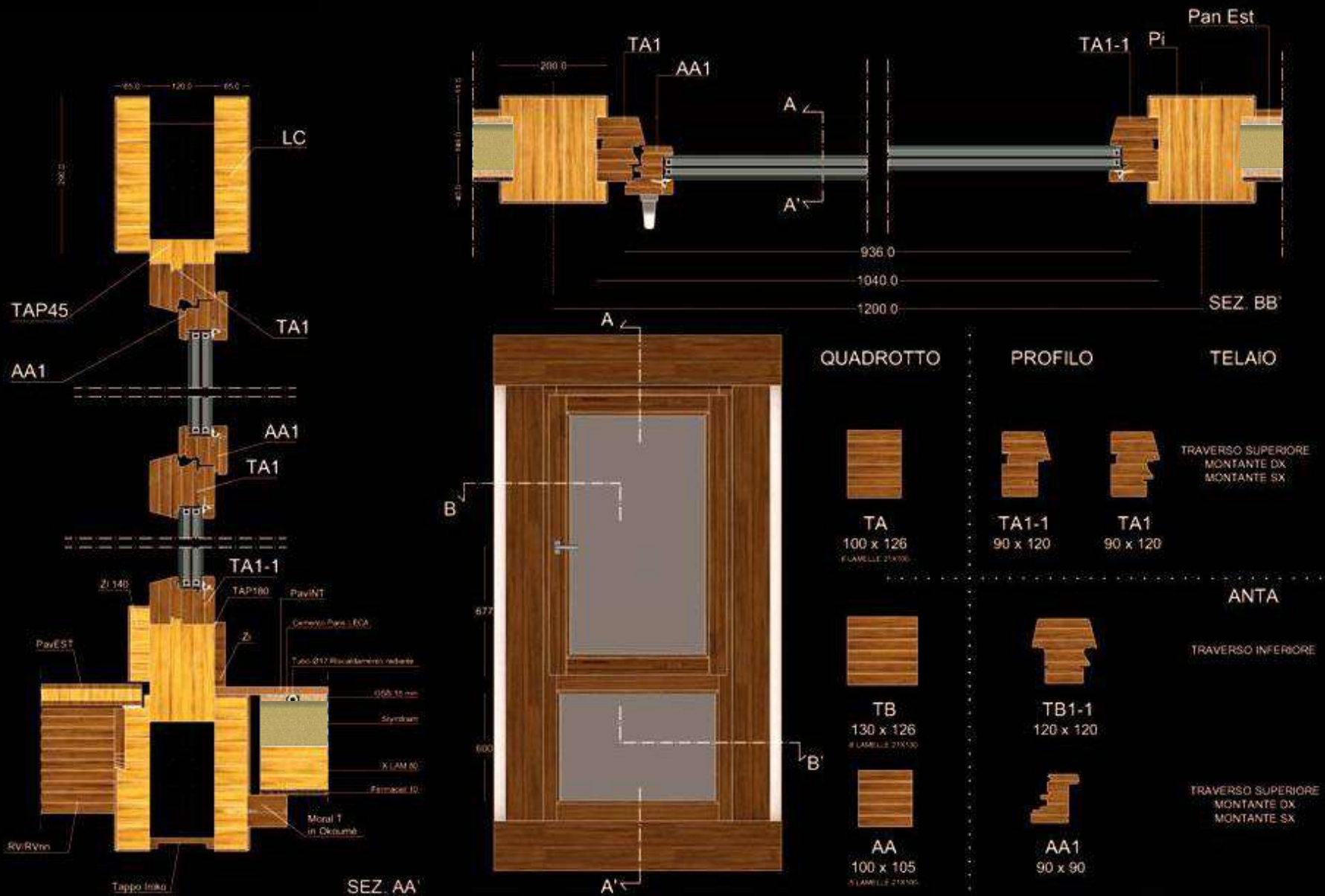
Thermal transmittance of the transparent component	
Transmittance of the transparent closure, inclusive of the casing [W/(m ² ·K)]	0,993
Central transmittance of the glass [W/(m ² ·K)]	0,700

W104 - FS							
TRANSMITTANCE				THERMAL RESISTANCE			
Tot. (**) [W/(m ² ·K)]:				Tot. [(m ² ·K)/W]:			
0,92				1,08			
TYPE	Ag	Af	Lg	Ug	Uf	Uf	Uw
	[m ²]	[m ²]	[m]	[W/m ² °C]	[W/m ² °C]	[W/m ² °C]	[W/m ² °C]
SINGLE FIXTURE	2,22	0,53	6,38	0,70	1,50	0,03	0,92

Thermal transmittance of the transparent component	
Transmittance of the transparent closure, inclusive of the casing [W/(m ² ·K)]	0,925
Central transmittance of the glass [W/(m ² ·K)]	0,700

W105 - FZ							
TRANSMITTANCE				THERMAL RESISTANCE			
Tot. (**) [W/(m ² ·K)]:				Tot. [(m ² ·K)/W]:			
1,07				0,94			
TYPE	Ag	Af	Lg	Ug	Uf	U _I	U _w
	[m ²]	[m ²]	[m]	[W/m ² °C]	[W/m ² °C]	[W/m ² °C]	[W/m ² °C]
SINGLE FIXTURE	1,71	0,94	7,38	0,70	1,50	0,03	1,07

Thermal transmittance of the transparent component	
Transmittance of the transparent closure, inclusive of the casing [W/(m ² ·K)]	1,068
Central transmittance of the glass [W/(m ² ·K)]	0,700



- 5) Calculation of the surface temperature and of the interstitial condensation of the building structure according to the norm UNI EN ISO 13788

DEFINITION	SYMBOL	UNIT
Vapour mass per accumulated unit surface in correspondence of an interface	Ma	[kg/m ²]
Specific thermal resistance	R	[(m ² ·K)/W]
Temperature	T	[°C]
Hygroscopic resistance factor	Mu	
Temperature factor in correspondence on the internal surface	$f R_{si}$	
Project thermal factor in correspondence of the internal surface	$fR_{si, min}$	
Thickness of the current layer	S	[cm]

COVER PANEL			
Material	Mu	R [(m ² ·K)/W]	S [cm]
Fermacell	13	0,031	1
X-Lam 8	60	0,615	8
Polyvap SA	690000	0	0,2
Agrop Swp 14 mm	60	0,108	1,4
Stiferite GT 100	150	4,348	10
Agrop Swp 14 mm	60	0,108	1,4
Agrop Swp 14 mm	60	0,108	1,4
Sarnafil G 410-15 EL Sika	15000	0,006	0,1
Gravel	5	0,25	5
Quality factor = 0,9580		Tot. 5,733	Total: 28,5

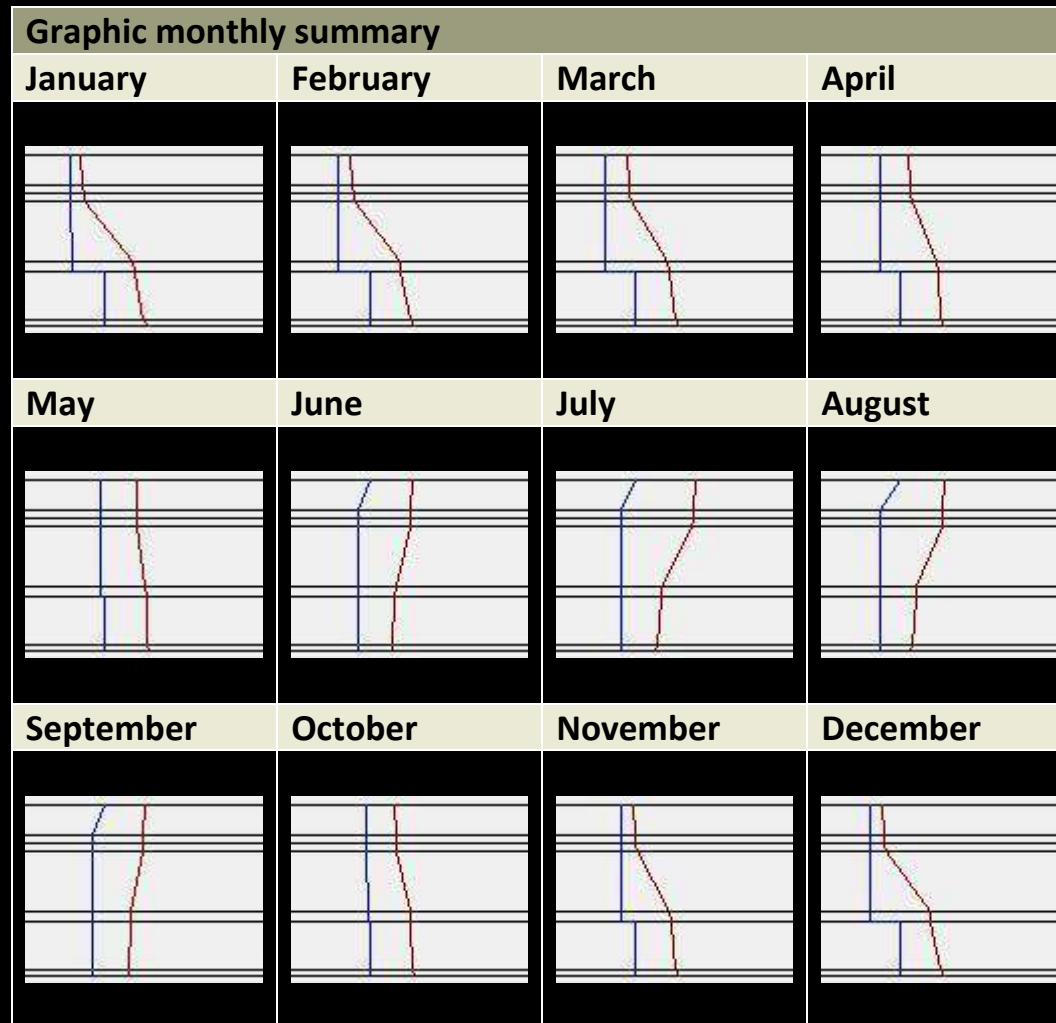
(*) The total thermal resistance includes the thermal resistances of the internal and external surface layers defined in the archive.
 The Hygrometric evaluation is carried-out with the thermal resistances of the surface layers foreseen by Table 2 of UNI EN ISO 13788.

Calculation results										
Month	Te	URe	Ti	Uri	Pe	Pi	Tmin	FRsi	Gc	Ma
	[°C]	[%]	[°C]	[%]	[kPa]	[kPa]	[°C]		[kg/m ²]	[kg/m ²]
January	7,6	82	20	65	0,85	1,51	16,6	0,7250	0	0
February	8,7	78	20	65	0,87	1,51	16,6	0,6990	0	0
March	11,4	67	20	65	0,9	1,51	16,6	0,6040	0	0
April	14,7	66	20	65	1,1	1,51	16,6	0,3570	0	0
May	18,5	67	20	65	1,42	1,51	16,6		0	0
June	22,9	66	20	65	1,83	1,51	16,6		0	0
July	25,7	57	20	65	1,86	1,51	16,6		0	0
August	25,3	64	20	65	2,06	1,51	16,6		0	0
September	22,4	67	20	65	1,81	1,51	16,6		0	0
October	17,4	73	20	65	1,44	1,51	16,6		0	0
November	12,6	84	20	65	1,21	1,51	16,6	0,5400	0	0
December	8,9	82	20	65	0,92	1,51	16,6	0,6930	0	0

Verifications as per the norms

- 1) The quantity of condensation does not exceed 0.5 kg/m².
- 2) The quantity of condensation is limited to the quantity, which is re-evaporated.
- 3) The structure is not subject to surface condensation activities

THERMAL-HYGROMETRIC EVALUATION: **V**

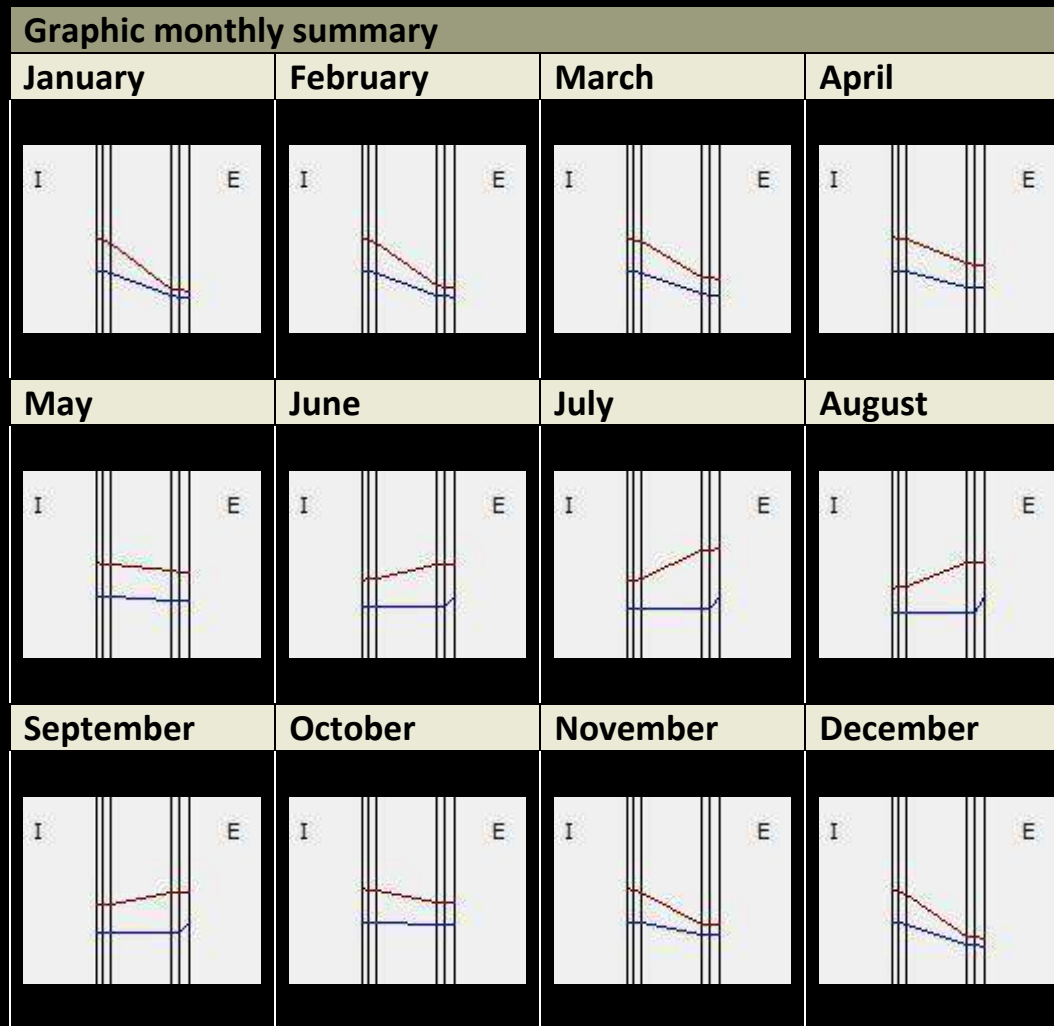


EXTERNAL PANEL			
Materials	Mu	R	S
		[(m ² ·K)/W]	[cm]
Fermacell	13	0,031	1
Agrop Swp 14 mm	60	0,108	1,4
Stiferite GT 100	150	4,348	10
Agrop Swp 14 mm	60	0,108	1,4
Iroko slats	60	0,083	1,5
		Total: (*)	Total:
Quality factor = 0,9500		4,848	15,3

(*) The total thermal resistance includes the thermal resistances of the internal and external surface layers defined in the archive. The Hygrometric evaluation is carried-out with the thermal resistances of the surface layers foreseen by Table 2 of UNI EN ISO 13788.

Calculation results										
Month	Te	URe	Ti	Uri	Pe	Pi	Tmin	FRsi	Gc	Ma
	[°C]	[%]	[°C]	[%]	[kPa]	[kPa]	[°C]		[kg/m ²]	[kg/m ²]
January	7,6	82	20	65	0,85	1,51	16,6	0,7250	0	0
February	8,7	78	20	65	0,87	1,51	16,6	0,6990	0	0
March	11,4	67	20	65	0,9	1,51	16,6	0,6040	0	0
April	14,7	66	20	65	1,1	1,51	16,6	0,3570	0	0
May	18,5	67	20	65	1,42	1,51	16,6		0	0
June	22,9	66	20	65	1,83	1,51	16,6		0	0
July	25,7	57	20	65	1,86	1,51	16,6		0	0
August	25,3	64	20	65	2,06	1,51	16,6		0	0
September	22,4	67	20	65	1,81	1,51	16,6		0	0
October	17,4	73	20	65	1,44	1,51	16,6		0	0
November	12,6	84	20	65	1,21	1,51	16,6	0,5400	0	0
December	8,9	82	20	65	0,92	1,51	16,6	0,6930	0	0

Verifications as per the norms
1) The quantity of condensation <u>does not exceed</u> 0.5 kg/m ² .
2) The quantity of condensation <u>is</u> limited to the quantity, which is re-evaporated.
3) The structure <u>is not</u> subject to surface condensation activities
THERMAL-HYGROMETRIC EVALUATION: ✓



All components of a *PAGANO structure* are verified according to the criteria established in the Italian 2005 Regulation:
D. Lgs. n° 192 which makes the Pagano build compliant to the legislative norms.

Eng. FOSSATI Erika